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|  | Year: 4                                 | Subject: History |
|  | Title:<br>Anglo Saxons, Picts and Scots |                  |

What key knowledge do I need to have before this unit?

- To make links between different time periods.
- Understand when the Romans left Britain.

Key outcomes:

What I need to know by the end of this unit of work:

- 1) I can describe what an archaeologist does
- 2) I can study evidence from Sutton Hoo.
- 3) I can describe who the Anglo-Saxons were and where they came from.
- 4) I can describe who the Picts and Scots were and where they lived.
- 5) I can use various sources to research about Anglo-Saxon life.
- 6) I can explore Anglo-Saxon culture.
- 7) I can describe how Christianity spread across Britain.

| Key knowledge:   | Key Vocabulary:  | Definition:   |
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| <p>An archaeologist researches and uncovers information about the past.</p> <p>The Romans left Britain and the Anglo-Saxons invaded Britain.</p> <p>Consider the difference between the terms 'invade' and 'settle'.</p> <p>Anglo-Saxon period lasted from 410AD to 1066AD.</p> <p>The Saxons could not invade north Britain, where the Scots and Picts settled.</p> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Archaeologist:</li> <li>2) Excavate:</li> <li>3) Timeline:</li> <li>4) Invasion:</li> <li>5) Settlement:</li> <li>6) Culture:</li> <li>7) Pagan:</li> <li>8) : A monotheistic religion based on the teachings of Jesus Christ.</li> <li>9) Artefact: An object made by a human being, typically of cultural or historical interest.</li> <li>10) Legend: A traditional story sometimes popularly regarded as historical but unauthenticated.</li> <li>11) Poetry: Literary work in which special intensity is given to the expression of feelings and ideas.</li> <li>12) Inference: A conclusion reached on the basis of evidence and reasoning.</li> <li>13) Conversion: The act or process of changing one's religion or beliefs.</li> <li>14) Interpretation: Explaining the meaning of something.</li> <li>15) Historian: A person who studies or writes about the past.</li> </ol> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) A person who studies past human societies by excavating and analysing material remains.</li> <li>2) To uncover and remove archaeological remains from the ground.</li> <li>3) A visual representation of events in chronological order.</li> <li>4) An incursion by a large number of people or things into a place or sphere of activity.</li> <li>5) A place where people establish a community, typically with buildings.</li> <li>6) Beliefs, customs, and social behaviours of a particular group of people.</li> <li>7) A person holding religious beliefs other than Christianity, Judaism, or Islam.</li> </ol> <p>Christianity</p> |