



Year: Year 5

Subject: History

Title: Vikings vs Anglo-Saxons

What key knowledge do I need to have before this unit?

Year 1 – Castles

Year 3 – The Romans

Year 4 – Anglo-Saxons, Picts and Scots

Key outcomes:

What I need to know by the end of this unit of work:

- What Britain was like before the first Viking invasions.
- About the Viking invasions of Britain.
- About the Viking settlement of Britain and how this affected the Anglo-Saxons.
- Why King Alfred was dubbed ‘Alfred the Great’.
- What life was like for Vikings living in Britain.
- How and when England became a unified country.

Key knowledge:	Key Vocabulary:	Definition:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Saxons (a people from Germany) invaded and raided southern coasts for riches. They then started to settle in Britain. • The period after the Romans left is sometimes referred to as ‘The Dark Ages’. • By AD 600, there were seven separate kingdoms in England, each ruled by an independent king. • Vikings came from Norway, Sweden and Denmark (Norse countries). • Vikings used sailing as the quickest way of getting around, using longboats. • After King Alfred defeated the Vikings, a peace was agreed between them. The Vikings would occupy the northeast of England while the southwest would remain Anglo-Saxon territory. The area of Viking occupation became known as the Danelaw. • 793 AD - First recorded Viking raid on the monastery at Lindisfarne. • 850 AD - Vikings settle in Britain, establishing farms and towns. • 871 AD - Anglo-Saxon King Alfred the Great defeats the Vikings. • 878 AD - Treaty of Wedmore establishes Danelaw in England, dividing the country between Anglo-Saxons and Vikings. • 1066 AD - Battle of Stamford Bridge where Anglo-Saxons fight the Vikings. • 1066 AD - Battle of Hastings where Anglo-Saxons are defeated by the Normans. 	<p>Invalidate</p> <p>Empire</p> <p>Raid</p> <p>Settlements</p> <p>Longship</p> <p>Vikings</p> <p>Anglo-Saxons</p> <p>Frisians</p> <p>Jutes</p> <p>Danelaw</p>	<p>(of an armed force) enter (a country or region) so as to subjugate or occupy it</p> <p>An extensive group of states or countries ruled over by a single monarch, an oligarchy, or a sovereign state</p> <p>A sudden assault or attack, as upon something to be seized or suppressed</p> <p>A place, typically one which has previously been uninhabited, where people establish a community.</p> <p>A type of ship used by the Vikings for trade, exploration, and warfare.</p> <p>People from Scandinavia who raided, traded, and settled in Europe during the Middle Ages.</p> <p>Germanic tribes who settled in England after the Romans left.</p> <p>The Frisians are a Northern Germanic ethnic group who historically lived in the region of Frisia, which is now part of Germany and the Netherlands.</p> <p>A Germanic tribe that settled in Britain after the Romans left, and are considered one of the first Germanic invaders of the region</p> <p>A region of England that was under the control of the Danish Vikings from the late 9th century to the early 11th century</p>

