Mereside
Church of England Primary Academy
Learn to Love, Love to Learn

Year: 6

Subject: RE

What does is mean to live as a Jew?

What key knowledge do I need to have before this unit?

Christians believe that Jesus Christ was the Son of God, fully human and fully divine, and that through believing in him and following his teachings they can inherit eternal life1. Christians believe that God sent Jesus to save humankind in two ways: through his teachings and by setting an example of selfless love, and through his sacrifice of dying on the cross, which atoned for the sins of human beings. This means that he paid the penalty for the sins committed by humans and made it possible for God to forgive them.

Key outcomes:

1) Describe the key beliefs and practices of Judaism.
2) Identify important historical events in Jewish history and their significance.
3) Understand the concept of kosher and its importance in Jewish dietary laws.
4) Explain the significance of Jewish festivals and how they are celebrated.
5) Recognise the role of the synagogue and the Rabbi in Jewish communities.
6) Appreciate the cultural diversity within Judaism and the various traditions followed by Jewish people around the world.

Key knowledge:	Key Vocabulary:	Definition:
The Jewish faith was founded in Canaan which is now modern Israel.	Synagogue	A Jewish house of worship, where congregational prayers and teachings take place.
Shabbat is a day of rest and is observed from Friday evening to Saturday evening.	Sabbath	A day of religious observance and abstinence from work, held on the seventh day of the week (Saturday) in Judaism.
Jews believe in a singular, all-powerful and compassionate God.	Torah	The central reference of the religious Judaic tradition, consisting of the first five books of the Hebrew Bible.
The sacred text of Judaism is the **Torah**, which consists of the first five books of the Hebrew Bible.	Rabbi	A religious leader and teacher in Judaism, often responsible for leading services and teaching the Torah.
An eight-day festival of lights celebrating the rededication of the Second Temple. It involves lighting the menorah and playing dreidel.	Menorah	A seven-branched candelabrum used in the ancient Temple in Jerusalem; also a nine-branched menorah is used during Hanukkah.